

ASA

SMARTFIL® ASA is an alternative to ABS for outdoor applications as it has excellent weather resistance. It has good dimensional stability reducing warping and cracking during the printing process.

Unlike many plastic materials, ASA maintains its vivid colors and impact resistance, even after long time of outdoor exposure. It has great resistance, perfect for applications that require mechanical efforts. Resistant to ultraviolet rays (U.V) and prolonged contact with water, it can also be machined, sanded or smoothed with acetone, which makes it a very versatile material.



Machinable



Thermal resistance



UV resistant

	VALUES	UNIT OF MEASUREMENT	STANDARD		
PHYSICAL PROPERTIES					
Chemical name	Acrylonitrile Styrene Acrylate				
Density	1,17	g/cm ³	ASTM D792		
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES ¹					
	XY PLANE	ZX PLANE			
Tensile strength	35	15,5	MPa		
Traction module	1378	2199,1	MPa		
Flexion strength	75,7	39,4	MPa		
Flexion module	2044,4	1953,8	MPa		
Elongation at maximum effort	2,9	0,8	%		
Elongation by traction at break	6	0,8	%		
Elongation by flexion at break	15,3	2,2	%		
Charpy Impact Force (non-notched)	50,3	5	kJ/m ²		
Hardness	81,5		Shore D		
THERMAL PROPERTIES					
Glass transition temperature (Tg)	107	°C	ISO 11357		
VICAT B (50 N 50°C/h)	95	°C	ISO 306		
HDT B (0,45 MPa)	96	°C	ISO 75		
PRINTING PROPERTIES					
Printing temperature	250 – 260	°C			
Bed temperature	90 – 110	°C			
Layer fan	0 – 20	%			
Material flow	100	%			
Layer height	≥ 0,1	mm			
Nozzle recommendations	≥ 0,2	mm			
Print speed	30 – 50	mm/s			
SIZE					
SIZE	NET WEIGHT	GROSS WEIGHT	DIAMETER	COLOR	PACKAGING
M	750 g	975 g	1,75 mm/2,85 mm	Several	SmartBag, security seal, desiccant bag.

¹⁾ Values obtained on printed specimens, nozzle 0,4 mm, rectilinear infill 100%, layer height 0,2 mm. For more information please contact us by email at info@smartmaterials.com or visit our website www.smartmaterials3d.com

NOTICE: The information provided in the data sheets is intended for reference only. It should not be used as design or quality control values. Actual values may differ significantly depending on printing conditions. The final performance of printed components not only depends on materials, design and printing conditions are also important.